

General Chemistry 1 (CHEM 1141)

Shawnee State University – Fall 2021

October 21, 2021

Exam 2A

Name _____

*Please write your full name, and the exam version (2 A) that you have on the scantron sheet !
(Bubble in the best answer choice for each question on the green & white scantron sheet in pencil !)*

Please check the box next to your correct section number.

| | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| Section #: | <input type="checkbox"/> 1. (Mon Lab, 11:10 AM – 1:55 PM) | } Fleeman |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 2. (Wed Lab, 11:10 AM – 1:55 PM) | |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 3. (Mon Lab, 2:30 PM – 5:20 PM) | } Napper |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> 4. (Wed Lab, 2:30 PM – 5:20 PM) | |

Multiple Choice: _____ / **50**

Q21: _____ / **10**

Q22: _____ / **10**

Q23: _____ / **10**

Q24: _____ / **10**

Q25: _____ / **10**

BONUS: _____ / **3**

TOTAL: _____ / **100**

You are only allowed to use a TI30–XIIS or equivalent non-programmable calculator on this exam !

(This means no cell phones, no smart phones, no smart watches, no iPads, or any other such devices will be allowed !)

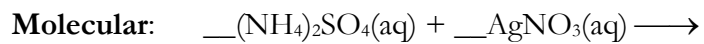
- Q1. The atomic mass unit is defined as being equal to:
- the mass of a hydrogen-1 atom
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ the mass of a helium-4 atom
 - $\frac{1}{12}$ the mass of a carbon-12 atom
 - $\frac{1}{16}$ the mass of an oxygen-16 atom
 - 1 gram (exactly)
- Q2. What is the mass of one atom of sulfur?
- 16 g
 - 32.07 g
 - 16 u
 - 32.07 u
- Q3. What is the molar mass of $\text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$?
- 87.05 g
 - 279.21 g
 - 310.18 g
 - 430.42 g
 - 560.21 g
- Q4. What is the mass percent of hydrogen in $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}$?
- 9.17 %
 - 2.29 %
 - 57.1 %
 - 36.1 %
 - 1.01 %
- Q5. When the following chemical equation is balanced using the LOWEST set of WHOLE NUMBER coefficients, what is the coefficient in front of H_2O ?
- $$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{C}_4\text{H}_9\text{OH}(\text{l}) + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{O}_2(\text{g}) \longrightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$$
- 2
 - 3
 - 5
 - 10
 - 12
- Q6. Given the following balanced chemical equation:
- $$2\text{AgHCO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{CaCl}_2(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow 2\text{AgCl}(\text{s}) + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$$
- How many moles of AgCl can be formed from 4.0 mol CaCl_2 and 5.0 mol AgHCO_3 ?
- 8.0 mol
 - 2.0 mol
 - 13 mol
 - 4.0 mol
 - 5.0 mol
- Q7. Suppose only 0.80 mol of AgCl was formed in the previous reaction. What is the percent yield of this reaction?
- 10 %
 40. %
 - 6.2 %
 20. %
 - 16 %
- Q8. What **precipitate** will form when a solution of $\text{HNO}_3(\text{aq})$ is mixed with a solution of $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$?
- $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$
 - $\text{H}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$
 - H_2CO_3
 - CaH_2
 - No precipitate will be formed
- Q9. Which of the following is NOT a strong acid?
- HF
 - HBr
 - H_2SO_4
 - HClO_4
 - HNO_3
- Q10. The oxidation number of the sulfur atom in $\text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3$ is:
- +12
 - +6
 - 0
 - 6
 - 12
- Q11. What volume of 0.200 M $\text{HCl}(\text{aq})$ contains 0.100 mol HCl ?
100. mL
 200. mL
 500. mL
 1000. mL
 2000. mL
- Q12. 25.0 mL of 2.40 M $\text{LiNO}_3(\text{aq})$ is mixed with 75.0 mL of water. What is the final concentration of $\text{LiNO}_3(\text{aq})$?
- 0.600 M
 - 0.800 M
 - 0.0240 M
 - 0.00240 M
 240. M
- Q13. Which substance is the reducing agent in the following chemical equation:
- $$\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 6\text{O}_2 \longrightarrow 6\text{CO}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$$
- $\text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6$
 - O_2
 - CO_2
 - H_2O
- Q14. What mass would 0.16 mol CH_2O weigh?
- 1.2 g
 - 2.4 g
 - 4.8 g
 - 9.2 g
 30. g

- Q15. If 0.66 moles of a substance has a mass of 99 g, what is the molar mass of the substance?
a) 120.0 g/mol b) 150 g/mol c) 170 g/mol d) 180 g/mol
e) 65.34 g/mol
- Q16. The element oxygen consists of three naturally occurring isotopes: ^{16}O , ^{17}O , ^{18}O . The atomic mass of oxygen is 16.0 amu. What can be implied about the relative abundances of these isotopes?
a) almost all O atoms are ^{18}O b) almost all O atoms are ^{17}O
c) the isotopes have the same abundance, i.e., 33% d) the abundances of ^{17}O and ^{18}O are very small
e) none of the above
- Q17. What is the mass (in grams) of 4.50×10^{22} Cu atoms?
a) 7.47×10^{-2} g b) 4.75 g c) 63.55 g d) 74.73 g e) 0.211 g
- Q18. What of the following represents a combustion reaction?
a) $2\text{C}_2\text{H}_6(\text{g}) + 7\text{O}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 4\text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + 6\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$ b) $\text{LiOH}(\text{aq}) + \text{HNO}_3(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{LiNO}_3(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$
c) $\text{N}_2(\text{g}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_3(\text{g})$ d) $2\text{Na}(\text{s}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \rightarrow 2\text{NaOH}(\text{aq}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$
e) $2\text{Al}(\text{s}) + 3\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{Al}_2(\text{SO}_4)_3(\text{aq}) + 3\text{H}_2(\text{g})$
- Q19. The common constituent in all acid solutions is
a) H_2 b) H^+ c) OH^- d) H_2SO_4 e) Cl^-
- Q20. Which substance is acting as a Bronsted acid in the following reaction?
 $\text{HSO}_4^- + \text{NH}_4^+ \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4 + \text{NH}_3$
a) HSO_4^- b) NH_4^+ c) H_2SO_4 d) NH_3 e) both HSO_4^- and NH_4^+

Short Response.

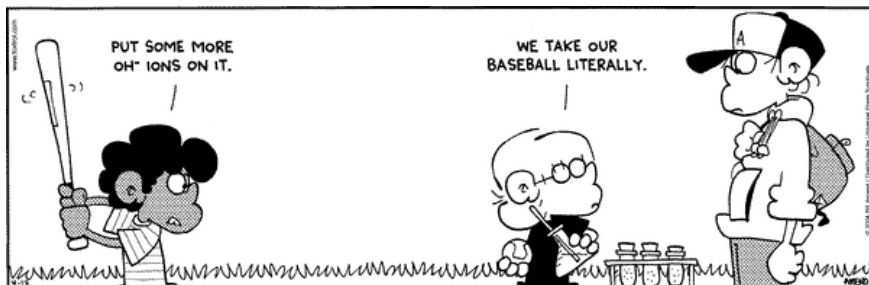
Show all work to receive credit. You must use the factor-label (conversion-factor) method for all conversions. Be sure to show all units and write your answers using the correct number of significant figures or decimal places.

Q21. [10 pts.] Write the balanced molecular, full-ionic, and net-ionic chemical equations for the following reaction:
Be sure to include state symbols and charges where necessary.



Full-Ionic:

Net-Ionic:

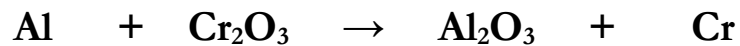


Q22. [10 pts.] An organic compound is found to contain 63.1 % C, 7.43 % H, and 29.5 % N by mass. Calculate its empirical formula?

Q23. [10 pts.] In a titration experiment, what volume (in mL) of 0.520 M LiOH would be required to neutralize 35.0 mL of 1.50 M H₂SO₄?

Hint: start by writing out a balanced chemical equation!

Q24. [10 pts.] Answer each of the questions listed below the reaction equation.



Provide a correctly balanced equation for this reaction by writing the correct coefficients in front of each reactant and product.

Show how to determine (*by calculation*) the theoretical yield (in grams) of Cr that could be produced by the reaction of 40.0 g of Cr_2O_3 with 8.00 g of Al.

The limiting reactant for this equation is

Given the above conditions, a CHEM 1141 student carries out this reaction and obtains 12.5 g of Cr. Show how to determine (*and then calculate*) the percent yield for this reaction.

Q25. [10 pts.] From the given list of possible answers, choose the correct answer for each of the questions below.

Possible Answers

| | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Arrhenius acid | Arrhenius base | solute | solvent | dilute |
| NaNO_3 | Ag_2SO_4 | CaCl_2 | KMnO_4 | FeSO_4 |

A species that produces hydrogen ions when dissolved in water? _____

Which is an ionic compound that is insoluble in water? _____

Which compound contains an atom with an oxidation state of +7? _____

Which compound contains an atom with an oxidation state of -1? _____

Which is usually the smaller component present in a solution? _____

BONUS QUESTIONS

Give a definition for the term, “electrolyte”

Give an example of a strong base:

Give an example of a weak base:



Partial List of Solubility Rules

TABLE 4.2 Solubility Rules for Common Ionic Compounds in Water at 25°C

| Soluble Compounds | Exceptions |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Halides (Cl^- , Br^- , I^-) | Halides of Ag^+ , Hg_2^{2+} , and Pb^{2+} |
| Sulfates (SO_4^{2-}) | Sulfates of Ag^+ , Ca^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Hg_2^{2+} , and Pb^{2+} |
| Insoluble Compounds | Exceptions |
| Carbonates (CO_3^{2-}), phosphates (PO_4^{3-}), chromates (CrO_4^{2-}), and sulfides (S^{2-}) | Compounds containing alkali metal ions and the ammonium ion |
| Hydroxides (OH^-) | Compounds containing alkali metal ions and the Ba^{2+} ion |

Useful Information:

$$M_1V_1 = M_2V_2$$

$$N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$$

Periodic Table

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| 1 IA | 2 IIA | | | | | | | | | | | 13 IIIA | 14 IVA | 15 VA | 16 VIA | 17 VIIA | 18 VIIIA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 H 1.01 | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 B 10.81 | 6 C 12.01 | 7 N 14.01 | 8 O 16.00 | 9 F 19.00 | 10 Ne 20.18 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 Li 6.94 | 4 Be 9.01 | | | | | | | | | | | 13 Al 26.98 | 14 Si 28.09 | 15 P 30.97 | 16 S 32.07 | 17 Cl 35.45 | 18 Ar 39.95 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 Na 22.99 | 12 Mg 24.31 | 3 IIIB | 4 IVB | 5 VB | 6 VIB | 7 VIIB | 8 | 9 VIIIB | 10 | 11 IB | 12 IIB | 13 Ga 69.72 | 14 Ge 72.61 | 15 As 74.92 | 16 Se 78.96 | 17 Br 79.90 | 18 Kr 83.80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 K 39.1 | 20 Ca 40.08 | 21 Sc 44.96 | 22 Ti 47.88 | 23 V 50.94 | 24 Cr 52.00 | 25 Mn 54.94 | 26 Fe 55.85 | 27 Co 58.93 | 28 Ni 58.69 | 29 Cu 63.55 | 30 Zn 65.39 | 31 In 114.82 | 32 Sn 118.71 | 33 Sb 121.76 | 34 Te 127.6 | 35 I 126.9 | 36 Xe 131.29 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 37 Rb 85.47 | 38 Sr 87.62 | 39 Y 88.91 | 40 Zr 91.22 | 41 Nb 92.91 | 42 Mo 95.94 | 43 Tc (98) | 44 Ru 101.07 | 45 Rh 102.91 | 46 Pd 106.42 | 47 Ag 107.87 | 48 Cd 112.41 | 49 In 114.82 | 50 Sn 118.71 | 51 Sb 121.76 | 52 Te 127.6 | 53 I 126.9 | 54 Xe 131.29 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 55 Cs 132.9 | 56 Ba 137.3 | 57 La* 138.9 | 72 Hf 178.5 | 73 Ta 180.9 | 74 W 183.9 | 75 Re 186.2 | 76 Os 190.2 | 77 Ir 192.2 | 78 Pt 195.1 | 79 Au 197.0 | 80 Hg 200.6 | 81 Tl 204.4 | 82 Pb 207.2 | 83 Bi 209 | 84 Po (209) | 85 At (210) | 86 Rn (222) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 87 Fr (223) | 88 Ra (226) | 89 Ac^ (227) | 104 Rf (261) | 105 Db (262) | 106 Sg (263) | 107 Bh (264) | 108 Hs (265) | 109 Mt (268) | 110 Ds (271) | 111 Rg (272) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>* 58 Ce 140.1</td> <td>59 Pr 140.9</td> <td>60 Nd 144.2</td> <td>61 Pm (145)</td> <td>62 Sm 150.4</td> <td>63 Eu 152.0</td> <td>64 Gd 157.3</td> <td>65 Tb 158.9</td> <td>66 Dy 162.5</td> <td>67 Ho 164.9</td> <td>68 Er 167.3</td> <td>69 Tm 168.9</td> <td>70 Yb 173.0</td> <td>71 Lu 175.0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>^ 90 Th 232.0</td> <td>91 Pa (231)</td> <td>92 U 238.0</td> <td>93 Np (237)</td> <td>94 Pu (244)</td> <td>95 Am (243)</td> <td>96 Cm (247)</td> <td>97 Bk (247)</td> <td>98 Cf (251)</td> <td>99 Es (252)</td> <td>100 Fm (257)</td> <td>101 Md (258)</td> <td>102 No (259)</td> <td>103 Lr (260)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | * 58 Ce 140.1 | 59 Pr 140.9 | 60 Nd 144.2 | 61 Pm (145) | 62 Sm 150.4 | 63 Eu 152.0 | 64 Gd 157.3 | 65 Tb 158.9 | 66 Dy 162.5 | 67 Ho 164.9 | 68 Er 167.3 | 69 Tm 168.9 | 70 Yb 173.0 | 71 Lu 175.0 | ^ 90 Th 232.0 | 91 Pa (231) | 92 U 238.0 | 93 Np (237) | 94 Pu (244) | 95 Am (243) | 96 Cm (247) | 97 Bk (247) | 98 Cf (251) | 99 Es (252) | 100 Fm (257) | 101 Md (258) | 102 No (259) | 103 Lr (260) |
| * 58 Ce 140.1 | 59 Pr 140.9 | 60 Nd 144.2 | 61 Pm (145) | 62 Sm 150.4 | 63 Eu 152.0 | 64 Gd 157.3 | 65 Tb 158.9 | 66 Dy 162.5 | 67 Ho 164.9 | 68 Er 167.3 | 69 Tm 168.9 | 70 Yb 173.0 | 71 Lu 175.0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ^ 90 Th 232.0 | 91 Pa (231) | 92 U 238.0 | 93 Np (237) | 94 Pu (244) | 95 Am (243) | 96 Cm (247) | 97 Bk (247) | 98 Cf (251) | 99 Es (252) | 100 Fm (257) | 101 Md (258) | 102 No (259) | 103 Lr (260) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |