# **General Chemistry 1 (CHEM 1141)**

## Shawnee State University – Fall 2024 October 10, 2024

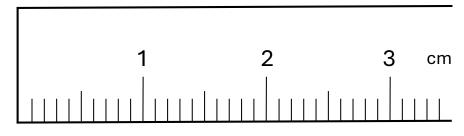
## **Exam # 1 A**

Name		_	
	int your full name, and the exam vers le in the best answer choice for each		
Please ☑ check	the box next to your correct section num	ber.	
Section #:	□ 1. (Mon Lab, 11:10 AM – 1:55 PM)	Fleeman	
	☐ 2. (Wed Lab, 11:10 AM – 1:55 PM)	]	
	☐ 3. (Tue Lab, 11:00 AM – 1:50 PM) ☐ 4. (Thu Lab, 11:00 AM – 1:50 PM)	Napper	
			/ 50 / 10
			/ 10
	Q23:		/ 10
	Q24:		/ 10
	Q25:		/ 10
	BONUS:		/ 3
	<b>TOTAL:</b>		/ 100



## 

- Q1. The SI prefixes meaning  $10^6$  and  $10^{-6}$  respectively are:
  - A) M, μ
  - B) M, m
  - C) G, µ
  - D) G, m
- Q2. What is the correct reading for the length of the object below:



- A) 2.6 cm
- B) 2.06 cm
- C) 2.64 cm
- D) 2.064 cm
- Q3. An example of a heterogeneous mixture could be:
  - A) pizza
  - B) oxygen
  - C) water
  - D) saline
- Q4. Which of the following would be an example of a chemical property?
  - A) water boiling
  - B) ice melting
  - C) alcohol evaporating
  - D) iron rusting

Q5.	An example of a semi-metal element is:
	A) F
	B) Si
	C) Mg
	D) H
Q6.	An example of a naturally occurring diatomic element is:
	A) iodine
	B) potassium
	C) carbon
	D) mercury
Q7.	An irregularly shaped object with a mass of 29.6 g was placed into a graduated cylinder
	filled with 17.0 mL of water. The water level rose to 24.6 mL. Determine the density of
	the object.
	A) 0.257 g/mL
	B) 0.712 g/mL
	C) 1.20 g/mL
	D) 3.89 g/mL
Q8.	The name given to an ionic compound that retains water molecules in its solid form is:
	A) hydrate
	B) anhydrous salt
	C) soluble salt
	D) precipitate
Q9.	Using the lowest set of whole number coefficients, balance the following equation and
	determine the coefficient in front of molecular oxygen.
	$\_\C_8H_{18} + \_\O_2 \rightarrow \_\CO_2 + \_\H_2O$
	A) 8
	B) 12
	C) 16
	D) 25

Q10.	The number of moles of $C_2H_4$ in a 12.8 g sample?
	A) 28.1 mol
	B) 2.19 mol
	C) 0.600 mol
	D) 0.456 mol
Q11.	The number of hydrogen atoms in a 12.8 g sample of C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ?
	A) $2.75 \times 10^{23}$
	B) $1.10 \times 10^{24}$
	C) $6.02 \times 10^{23}$
	D) $3.94 \times 10^{24}$
Q12.	The mass percent of carbon in C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> is:
	A) 81.3%
	B) 75.2%
	C) 32.0%
	D) 16.1%
Q13.	The number 0.0005230 has how many significant digits?
	A) 3
	B) 4
	C) 7
	D) 8
Q14.	Of the following symbol/name combination of the elements, which is incorrect?
	A) F/fluorine
	B) Na/sodium
	C) Mn/magnesium
	D) Fe/iron

Q15.	The molar mass of	t CoCl <sub>2</sub> •6H <sub>2</sub> O?									
	A) 129.8 g/mol										
	B) 141.9 g/mol										
	C) 238.0 g/mol										
	D) 296.9 g/mol										
Q16.	The limiting reage	ent in a chemical reaction									
	A) is in excess										
	B) is consumed co	mpletely									
	C) has the largest	molar mass									
	D) has the smalles	st molar mass									
Q17.	A species has 22 p	orotons, 20 electrons, and 26 neutrons. Determine its nuclide symbol									
	A) $^{48}_{22}$ Ti <sup>2+</sup>										
	B) <sup>46</sup> <sub>26</sub> Ca <sup>2-</sup>										
	C) $^{48}_{22}$ Ca <sup>2+</sup>										
	D) <sup>46</sup> <sub>20</sub> Ti <sup>2-</sup>										
Q18.	The elements in Group 1A (1), 2A (2), and 8A (18) are called,, respectively.										
	A) alkaline-earth	metals, alkali metals, noble gases									
	B) halogens, alkali metals, noble gases										
	C) alkali metals, ti	ransition metals, halogens									
	D) alkali metals, a	lkaline-earth metals, noble gases									
Q19.	Find the number of	of protons, neutrons, and electrons in the platinum isotope, Pt-195.									
	A) 195 protons, 78 neutrons, 195 electrons										
	B) 78 protons, 78 neutrons, 117 electrons										
	C) 78 protons 156 neutrons, 117 electrons										
	D) 78 protons, 117	neutrons, 78 electrons									
Q20.	Which of the follo	wing compounds is most likely to be ionic?									
	A) SiCl <sub>4</sub>	B) AlBr <sub>3</sub>									
	C) IF <sub>7</sub>	D) $N_2O_5$									



Each problem in this section (short answer) is worth 10 points!

All work must be shown to receive credit!

You must use the factor–label (conversion–factor) method for all conversions!

Be sure to include units where applicable!

All numeric answers must be rounded to the correct number of significant figures!



Q21.	(a) Write out the chemical formulas for the following substances:	:
	(i) sodium carbonate decahydrate	
	(ii) trichlorine pentabromide	
	(iii) aluminum sulfide	
	(iv) iron(II) phosphate	
	(v) cuprous sulfate	
	(b) Name the following substances:	
	(vi) NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>	
	(vii) N <sub>4</sub> S <sub>9</sub>	
	(viii) H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> (aq)	
	(ix) Fe(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	
	(x) P <sub>6</sub> N <sub>7</sub>	

Q22. The formation of sulfuric acid, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>(aq), can be achieved via:

$$3 \text{ SO}_2 + 2 \text{ HNO}_3 + 2 \text{ H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow 3 \text{ H}_2\text{SO}_4 + 2 \text{ NO}$$

- (a) If 1.4 mol of HNO<sub>3</sub> react completely, how many moles of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> can be formed?
- (b) If 39.2 g of SO<sub>2</sub> react completely, how many grams of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> can be formed?

(c) If 1.8 mol of SO<sub>2</sub> and 1.4 mol of HNO<sub>3</sub> react with an excess of H<sub>2</sub>O, what's the theoretical yield of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (in moles)?

(d) In part (c) above, if 0.750 mol of  $H_2SO_4$  is actually formed, what is the percent yield of the reaction?

Q23. Provide the results of the following calculations with the correct significant figures and units if applicable.

C) 
$$(2.312 - 1.44) / 3.2 \times 10^{-2} =$$

Q24. A can of Pepsi contains  $7.0 \times 10^3$  drops of pop. How many cubic meters of pop is this? Use the conversion-factor method when solving this problem.

$$(1 \text{ mL} = 20 \text{ drops})$$
  $(1 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ cm}^3)$ 

Treat both of this conversions as exact.

Q25.	NutraSweet Natural, an artificial sweetener used in many beverages and foods, is 57.14% C (by mass), 6.16% H (by mass), 9.52% N (by mass), and 27.18% O (by mass).
	(a) Calculate the empirical formula of NutraSweet Natural. Show all work.
	(b) If the molar mass of NutraSweet Natural is 294.3 g/mol, what is its molecular formula? <b>Show all work.</b>

#### 

Thallium sulfate exists as both Tl<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and Tl<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> – where the first form is thallium(I) sulfate and the second is thallium(III) sulfate. If the percent by mass of sulfur in a pure sample of "thallium sulfate" is 13.8%, which form must you have?

# **Exam checklist:**

#### (Check the boxes to certify the following:)

- ☐ My full name is written legibly on the front page
- ☐ My correct lab section has been indicated on the front page
- ☐ My full name is written legibly on the scantron sheet
- ☐ My exam version (A, B, C, or D) is written on the scantron sheet
- ☐ I have shown work for all problems (where appropriate), paying attention to
  - o Significant figures / decimal places
  - o Units
- ☐ I have used the conversion-factor method for all conversions
- ☐ If I have torn off the back page (periodic table), I will not turn it in with my exam!

Thank you from the Chemistry Professors and Good Luck!



# **Useful information:** $N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$

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